ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention is to protect the right of
portrait or privacy of people other than a specific person,
and to enable easy recognition of information other than
the face of the specific person and the situation around
the specific person. Images videotaped by the
surveillance cameras are captured in the computer, face
images are detected therefrom, and the detected face
images are compared with the face image of a specific
person registered in the storage device. As the results
of the comparison, when these face images do not match
with each other, a mosaic process is applied exclusively
to the detected face images to protect the privacy of
the people other than the specific person, whereas the
mosaic process is not applied to the parts other than
the faces, such as dress and baggage, thereby keeping
them as they are. When these face images match with each
other, the face image of the specific person is not
applied with the mosaic process, thereby keeping his or
her face and remaining parts as they are.